Vault for M236.5 P91653 1853? C. 72

22.

SPIRITUAL COMMUNICATION.

A SERMON DELIVERED BY ELDER P. P. PRATT, SENR , BEFORE THE CONFERENCE AT SALT LAKE CITY, APRIL 7, 1953.

I was led to reflection on this subject, not only by my acquaintance with the present state of the world, and the movements and powers which seem new to many, but because this text, written by Isaiah so many centuries since, and copied by Nephi ages before the birth of Jesus Christ, seemed as appropriate, and as directly adapted to the present state of things, as if written but yesterday, or a year since.

"Should not a people seek unto their God, for the living to hear from the dead?" is a question by the Prophet, and at a time when they shall invite you to seek unto those familiar with spirits, and to wizards, &c., or in other words to magnetizers, rappers, clairvoyants, writing mediums, &c. When they shall say these things unto you, then is the time to consider the question of that ancient Prophet—"Should not a people seek unto their God, for the living to hear from the dead?"

munication with the spirit with the great fountain from

world, writing mediums, &c. by which the world of spirits is said to have found means to communicate with spirits in the flesh. They are not working in a corner. The world is agitated on these subjects. Religious ministers are said to preach, editors to write and print, judges to judge, &c from this kind of inspiration. It is brought into requisition to develop the sciences, to detect crime, and in short to mingle in all the interests of life. i

In the first place, what are we talking about, when we touch the question of the living hearing from the dead? It is a saying, that "dead men telleno tales." If this is not in the Bible, it is somewhere else, and if it be true, it is just as good as it it were in the Bible.

The Sadducees in time of Jesus, believed there were no such things as an. gels or spirits, or existence in another sphere; that when an individual was dead, it was the final end of the We hear much, of late | workings of his intellectual about visions, trances, clair-| being, that the elements voyance, mediums of com- were dissolved, and mingled

was the end of individuality, or conscious existence.

Jesus, in reply to them. took up the argument from the scriptures, or history of the ancient fathers, venerated by reason of antiquity, in hopes, by this means, to influence the sadducees, or at least the Pharisees and others, by means so powerful, and so well adapted to the end in view:

Said He, God has declared himself the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Now God is not the God of the dead, but of the living. As much as to say that Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob were not dead, but living. that they had never been dead at all, but had always been living; that they never did die, in the sense of the word that these Sadducees supposed, but were absolutely alive.

Now, if intelligent beings, who once inhabited flesh. such as our fathers, mothers, wives, children, &c., have really died, and are now dead in the sense of the word, as understood by the ancient Sadducees, or modern Atheist, then it is vain to talk of converse with the dead. Alcontroversy in that cas is at an end, on the subject of corres pondence with the dead, becamse an in. telligence must exist before it can com-If these individuals are municate. dead, in the sense that the human body dies, we have never known of a single instance of any intelligence communicated therefrom.

Jesus, in his argument with the Sadducees, handled the subject according to the strictest priveiples of ancient and modern theology, and true philosophy.

He conveyed the idea in the clearest which they emanated, which terms, that an individual intelligence, or identity could never die.

The outward tabernacle, inhabited by a spirit, returns to the element from which it emanated. But the thinking being, the individual, the active agent or identity that inhabited that tabernacle, never ceased to exist to think, act, live, move, or have a being: never ceased to exercise those sympathics, affections, hopes, and aspirations which are founded in the very nature of intelligences, being the inherent and invaluable yrinciples of their eternal existence.

No, they never cease. They live, move, think, act, converse, feel, love

hate, believe, doubt, hope, and desire.
But what are they, if they are not flesh and bones? What are they if they are not tangible to our gross organs of sense? Of what are they composed, that we can neither see, hear, nor handle them, except we are quickened, or our organs touched by the principles of vision, clairvoyanee, or spiritual sight? What are they? Why, they a e organized intelligences. What are they made of? They are made of the element which we call Spirit, which is as much an element of material existence as earth, air, electricity, or any other tangible substance recognized hyman but so subtle, so refined is its nature, that it is not tangible to our gross organs. It is invisible to us unless we are quickened by a portion of the same element; +nd like electricity, and several other substances, it is only known or made manifest to our senses by its effects. For instance, electricity is not always visible to us, but its existence is made manifest by its operations upon the wire, or upon the nerves. We cannot see the air, out we feel its effects, and without it we cannot breathe.

If a wire were extended in connection with the equatorial line of our globe in one entire circle of 25,000 miles in extent, the electric finid would convey a token from one intelligence to another, the length of the entire circle, in a very small portion of a second, or, we will say, in the twinkling of an eye. This, then, proves that the spiritual fluid, or element called electricity is an actual, physical, and tangible power, and is as much a real and tangible substance, as the ponderous rocks which were laid on yesterday in the foundation of our con-templated Temple.

It is true that this subtle fluid or spiritual element, is endowed with the powers of locomotion in a far greater degree than the more gross and solid elements of nature; that its refined particles penetrate amid the other elements with greater ease, and meet with less resistance from the air or other substances, than would the more gross elements, Hence its speed, or superior powers of

motion. Now let us apply this philosophy to . all the degrees of spiritual element, from electricity, which may be assumed to be one of the lowest or more gross elements of spiritual matter, up through all the gradations of spiritual fluids, till we arrive at a substance so holy, so pure, so endowed with intellectual attributes, and sympathetic affections, that it may be said to be on a par, or level, in its attributes, with man.

Let a given quantity of this element, thus endowed, or capacitated, be organized in the size and form of man, let every organ be developed, formed, and endowed, precisely after the pattern or model of man's outward or fleshly tabernacle-what would we call this indivi dual, organized portion of the spiritual

clement?

We would call it a spiritual body, an individual intelligence, an agent endow ed with life, with a degree of indepen derce, or inherent will, with the powers of motion, of thought, and with the attri butes of moral, intellectual and sympathetic affections and emotions.

We would conceive of it as possessing eyes to see, ears to hear, hands to handle. As in possession of the organs of taste,

or smelling and of speech.

Such beings are we, when we have laid off this outward tabernacle of flesh. We are in every way interested, in our relationships, kindred ties, sympathies, affections, and hopes, as if we had continued to live, but had stepped aside, and were experiencing the loneliness of absence for a season. Our posterity, our ancestors, to the remotest ages of antiquity, or of future time, are all brought within the circle of our sphere of joys, sorrows, interests, or expectations. Each forms a link in the great chain of life. and in the science of mutual salvation, improvement, and exaltation through the blood of the Lamb.

Our prospects, hopes, faith, charity, enlightenment, improvement, in short, all our interests, are blended, and more or less influenced by the acts of each.

Is this the kind of being that departs from our sight when its earthly tabernacle is laid off, and the veil of eternity is lowered between ns? Yes, yerily.

Where then does it go?
"To heaven," says one. "To the eternal world of glory," says another. "To the celestial kingdom, to inherit thrones and crowns, in all the fulness of the presence of the Father, and of Jesus

Christ," says a third.

Now, my dear hearers, these things are not so. Nothing of the kind, Throne, kingdoms, crowns, principali ties, and powers, in the celestial and eternal worlds, and the fullness of the presence of the Father, and of His Son Jesus Christ, are reserved for resurrected beings, who dwell in immortal flesh. The world of resurrected beings and the world of spirits, are two distinct spheres, as much so as our own sphere

Where then does the spirit go, on its departure from its earthly tabernacle? It passes to the next sphere of human existence called the world of spirits, a veil being drawn between us in the flesh and that world of spirits. Well, says one, is there no more than one place in the Spirit world? Yes, there are many places and degrees in that world, as in this. Jesus Christ, when absent from his flesh, did not ascend to the Father, to be crowned and elithroned in power Why! Because He had not yet a resurrected body, and had therefore, a mission to perform in another sphere. Where then dil he go. To the world of spirits, to wicked, sinful spirits, who died in their sins, being swept on by the flood of Nouh. The Thief on the cross, twho died at the same time, also went to the same world, and to the same particular place in the same world, for he was a sinner, and would of course go to the prison of the condemned, there to await the ministry of that Gospel which had failed to reach his case while on the How many other places Jesus earth. might have visited while in the Spirit world, is not for me to say, but there was a moment in which the poor, unculti vated ignorant thicf, was with him in And as he commenced, that word. though late, to repent while on the earth, we have reason to hope that that moment was improved by our Saviour, in ministering to him that gospel which he had no opportunity to teach to him while expiring upon the cross. "This day shalt thou be with me in Paradise," said Jesus, or, in other words, this day shalt thou be with me in the next sphere of existence—the world of spirits.

Now mark the difference. was there as a preacher of righteousness, as one holding the keys of Apos. tleship, or priesthood, a ointed preach glad tidings to the meek, to bind up the broken-hearted, to preach liberty to the captive, and the opening of the plison to them that were What did the thief go there bound. He went there in a state of ignorance, and sin, being uncultiv ted, unimproved, and unprepared for salva-He went there to be taught, and to complete that repentance, which in a dying moment he commenced on the He had beheld Jesus expire on the cross, and he had implored him to remember him when he should come into possession of his kingdom. Saviour, under these extreme circumstances, did not then teach him the Gospel, but referred him to the next opportunity; when they should meet in the Spirit world. It the thiet thus is distinct from that of the Spirit world. favored continued to improve, he is no

doubt waiting in hope for the signal to be given, at the sound of the uext trump, for him to leave the Spirit world and re-enter the fleshly tabernaele, and to ascend to a higher degree of felicity. Jesus Christ, on the other hand, departed from the Spirit world on the third day, and re-entered his fleshly tabernacle, in which he ascended, and was crowned at the right hand of the Father. Jesus Chr st, then, and the thi f on the cross, have not dwelt together in the same kingdom or place for this eighteen hundred years, nor have we proof that they have seen each other during that time.

To say that Jesus Christ dwells in the world of Spirits, with those whose bodies are dead, would not be the He is not there. He only truth. staid there until the third day. then returned to his tabernacle, and ministered among the sons of earth for forty days, where he atc, drank, talked, preached, reasoned out of the scriptures. commissioned, commanded, blessed, &c. Why did he do this? Because he had ascended on high, and been crowned with all power in heaven and on earth, therefore he had authority to do all these things.

So much then for that wonderful grestion that has been asked by our Christian neighbors, so many thousand times, in the abundance of their charity for those who, like the thief on the •ross, die in their sins, or without baptism and the other gospel ordinan-The question naturally arises, do all the people who die without the Gospel hear it as soon as they arrive in the world of spirits? To illustrate this, let us look at the dealings of God with the people of this world. "What can we reason but from what we know?" We know and understand the things of this world, in some degree, because they are visible, and we are daily conversant with them. Do a l the people in this world hear the gospel as soon as they are capable of understanding? No, indeed, but very few in comparison, have heard it at all.

Ask the poor Lamanites who have with their fathers before them, inhabited these mountains for a thous nd years, whether they have ever heard the Gospel, and they will tell you nay. But why not? Is it not preached on

is wide, and circumstances differ very greatly among its different inhabitants. The Jews once had the Gospel, with its Apostleship, powers and blessings offered unto them, but they rejected it

as a people, and for this reason it was taken from them, and thus many generations of them have been born, and have lived and died without it. So with the gentiles, and so with the Lamanites. God has seen proper to offer the Gospel with its priesthood and powers, in different ages and countries, but it has been as often rejected, and therefore withdrawn from the earth. The consequence is that the generations of men have, for many ages, come and gone in ignorance of its principles, and the glorious hopes they inspire.

Now these blessings would have continued on the earth, and would have been enjoyed in all the ages and nations of man, but for the agency of the people. They chose their own forms of government, laws, institutions, religions, ru'ers and priests, instead of yielding to the influence and guidance of the chosen vessels of the Lord, who were appointed to instruct and govern them.

Now, how are they situated in the Spirit world? If we reason from analogy, we should at once conclude that things exist there after the same pattern. I have not the least doubt but there are spirits there who have dwelt there a thousand years, who, if we could converse with them face to face, would be found as ignorant of the truths, the ordinances, powers, keys, priesthood, resurrection and eterna life of the body, in short, as i n rant of the fu ness of the Gospe, with its hopes and consolations, as is the Pope of Rome, or the Bishop of Canterbury, or as are the Chiefs of the Indian tribes of Utah.

And why this ignorance in the Spir-Because a portion of the it world? inhabitants thereof are found unworthy of the consolations of the Gospel, untithe fulness of time, until they have suffered in hell, in the dungeons of darkness, or the prisons of the condemned, amid the buffetings of fiends, and malicious and lying spirits. in earth, so in the Spirit world. spirit can enter into the privileges (1 the Gospel, until the keys are turned the earth? Yea, verily, but the earth and the Gospel openea by those in a:

thority, for a l which there is a time, lits powers, and then turned away and according to the wise dispensations of became the enemies of God, and of justice and mercy.

It was many, many centuries before Christ lived in the flesh, that a whole generation, e-ght souls excepted, were cut off by the flood. What became of them? I do not know exactly all their history in the Spirit world. But this much I know-they have heard the Gospel from the lips of a crucified Redeemer, and have the privilege of being judged according to men in the flesh. As these persons were ministered to by Jesus Christ, after he had been put to dea h, it is reasonable to suppose that they had waited all that time, without the knowledge or privileges of the gospel.

How long did they wait? You may reckon for yourselves. The long ages, centuries, thousands of years which intervened between the flood of Noah and the death of Christ. Oh! the weariness, the tardy movement of time! the lingering ages for a people to dwell in condemnation, darkness, ignorance and despondency, as a punishment for For they had been filled their sins. with violence while on the earth in the flesh, and had rejected the p eaching of Noah, and the Prophets which were

before him.

Between these two dispensations, so distant from each other in point of time they were to linger without hore, and without God, in the Spirit world; and simi ar has been the fate of the poor Jew, the miserable Lamanite, and many others in the flesh. Between the commission and ministry of the Former and Latter-day-Saints, and Apostles, there has been a long and dreary night of darkness. Some fifteen to seventeen centuries have passed away, in which the generations of men have lived without the keys of the Gospel.

Whether in the flesh, or in the Spirit world, is this not hell enough? Who can imagine a greater hell than that before our eyes, in the circumstances of the poor, miserable, degraded Indian, and his ancesters, since the keys of the Gospel were taken from them some fifteen hundred years age? Those who had the Gospel in the former dispensations, and were made partakers of its spirit, its knowledge and about them. They would not tell you

His saints, the malicious and wilful opposers of that which they knew to be true, have no forgiveness in this word, neither in the Spirit world, which is the world next to come. Such apostates seek, in all dispensations, to bring destruction on the innecent, and to shed innocent blood, or consent thereto. For such, I again repeat, I know no forgiveness. Their children, who, by the conduct of such fathers, have been plunged into ignorance and unisery for so many ages, and have lived without the privileges of the Gospel, will look down upon such a parentage with mingled feelings of horror, contempt, reproach, and pity, as the agents who plunged their poster ty into the depths of misery and

Think of those swept away by the flood in the days of Noah. Did ∙hev wait a long time in prison? Forty vears! Oh! what a time to be impris-What do you say to a hundred, oned! a thousand, two thousand, three or four thousand years to wat? Without what? Without even a c'enridea cr h pe of a resurrection from the dead, without the broken heart being bound up, the eaptive delivered, or the door of the prison opened. Did not they Yes they did, until Christ was put to death in the flesh.

Now what would have been the r sult, if they had repented while in the flesh at the preaching of Noah? Why. they would have died in hope of a gorious resurrection, and would have enjoyed the society of the redeemed, and lived in happiness in the Spirit world, till the resurrection of the son of God. Then they would have received their bodies, and would have ascended with him, amid thrones, principa ities, and powers, in heavenly places.

I wil suppose, in the Spirit world, a grare of spirits of the lowest order, composed of murderers, robbers, thieves. adu terers, drunkards, and persons isnorant, incultivated, etc., who are in prison, or in hell, without hope, without God, and unworthy, as yet, of Gospel instruction. Such spirits, if they cou d communicate, wou d not tell you of the resurrection, or of any of the Gospe truths, for they knew nething

943

about Leaven or priesthood, for in altheir meanderin s in the world of Spirits, they have never been privileged with the ministering of a holy Priest. If they should tell all the truth they possessed they could not tell much.

Take another class of spirits-pious, well disp sed men.; for instance, the honest Quaker, Presbyterian, or other sectarian, who, although honest, and well disposed, had not, while in the flesh, the privi'ege of the Priesthood and Gospe. They believed in Jesus Christ, but died in ignorance of his ordinances, and had not clear conceptions of his doctrines, and of the resurree-They expected to go to that place called heaven, as soon as they were dead, and that their doom wind then and there be fixed, without any further a teration or preparation. Suppose they should come back, with liberty to tell all they know? How much light could we ge. from them? They could only tell you about the nature of thing in the world in which they live. And even that world you could not comprehend, by their 'descripti n thereof, any more than you can deseribe colors to a man born bl nd, or sounds to those who have never heard.

What, then, could you get from them? Why, common chit chat, in which there would be a mixture of truth, error, and mistakes, in mingled confusion; all their communications would betray the same want of e ear and logical concept ons, and sound sense and philosophy, as would characterize the same class of Spirits in the

flesb.

Who, then, is prepared among the stirits in the Spirit world, to communicate the truth on the subject of salvation, to guide the people, to give advice, to confer consolation, to heal the sick, to administ er joy, and gladness, and hope of immortality and eternal life, founded on manifest truth?

All that have been raised from the dear, and clothed with immortality—all that have ascended to yonder heavens, and been crowned as Kings and Priests; a l such are our fellow servants, and of our brethren the Proplects, who have the testimony of Jesus; all such are waiting for the work of God among their posterity upon the earth. They could declare glad tid-

ings f w were only prepared to commune with them. What else? Peter. James, Jeseph, Hyrum, Smith, -any or all of those ancient or modern Saints who have departed this life, who are clothed upon with the powers of the eternal Apostleship or Priesthood; who have gone to the world of Spirits, not to sorrow, but as joyful messengers, bearing gladtidings of eternal truth to the spirits in prison -could not these teach us good things? Yes, if they were permitted so to do.

But suppose all spirits were honest, and aimed at truth, yet each one could only converse of the things he is privileged to know, or comprehend, or which have been revealed to his understanding, or brought within the range

of his intellect.

If this be the ease, what then do we wish, in communicating with the eternal world, by visions, angels, or ministering spiri s? Why, if a person is sick, they would like to be visited, comforted or healed by an angel or spirit! If a mank is in prison, he would like an ange to visit him, and comfort or deliver him. A mank shipwrecked would like to be initructed in the way of escape for himself and fellows from a watery grave. In case of extreme hunger a loaf of bread brought by an angel would not be unacceptable.

If a man were journeying and murderers were lying in wait for him in a certain road, an angel would be useful to him in te ling him of the circumstance, and to take another road.

If a man were journeying to preach the Gostel, an angel would be useful to tell the neighbors of his high and holy calling, as in case of Peter and Cornelins. Or would you not like to have angels all around you, to puard, guide, and agvise you in every emergency?

The Saints would like to enter a holy templ, and have their President and his assistants administer for their dead. They love their fathers, although they had once almost forgotten them. Our fathers have forgotten to hand down to us their genealogy. They have not felt sufficient interest to transmit to us their names, and the time and place of birth, and in many instances they have not taught us we en and where energlyes were born, or who

were our grant arcuts, and their an- | the other world, that might be percestry. Why is al this? It is because of that voil of blindness which is elsewhere. Why should I think so? cast over the earth, because there has been no true Church, Priesthood, or Patriarchal Order, no holy dace for the deposit or preservation of the sacred arch, ves of autiquity, no knowledge of the eternal kindred ties, relationship, or mutual interests of eternity. The hearts of the children had become estranged from the fathers, and the hearts of the fathers from the children, until one came in t e spirit and lower of Elijah, to turn the keys of these things, to open communication between worlds, and to kin-lle in our bosoms that glow of eternal affection which lay dormant.

Suppose our temple was ready, and we should enter there to act for the dead, we could only act for those whose names are known to us. And these are few with the most of us Americans. And why is this? We have never had time to look to the heavens, or to the ast or future, so busy have we been with the things of the earth. have hardly had time to think of ourselves, to say nothing of our fathers.

It is time that all this stupidity and indifference should come to an end, and that our hearts were opened and our charittes extended, and that our bosoms expanded, to reach forth after whom? Those whom we consider dead! God has condescended so far to our capacity, as to speak of our fathers as if they were dead, although they are all living spirits, and will live forever. We have no dead. Only think of it! Our fathers are all living, thinking, active agents; we have only been taught that they are Shall I speak my feelings, that I had on yesterday, while we were laying these corner stones of the temple? Yes, I will utter them if I can.

It was not with my eyes not with the power of actual vision, but by my intellect, by the natural faculties inherent in man, by the exercise of my reason, upon known principles, or by the rower of the Spirit, that it appeared to me that Joseph Smith, and his associate Spirits, the Lutterday Saints, hovered about us on the brink of that foundation, and with them all the angels and spirits from

mitted, or that were not too busy In the first place, what else on this earth have they to be interested about? Where would their eyes be turned in the wide earth if not centred here? Where would their hearts and affections be, if they cast a look or a thought towards the dark speck in the heavens that we inhabit, unless to the people of these valleys and mountains? Are there others who have the kevs for the redemption of the dead? Is any one else preparing a sanctuary for the holy conversation and ministrations pertaining to their exaltation? No, verily. No other people have opened their hearts to conceive ideas so grand. No other people have their sympathies drawn out to such an extent toward the fathers.

If you go from this people, to hear the doctrines of others, you will hear the doleful sayings-"As the tree falls, so it lyeth. As death leaves you, so gudgment will find you. There is no work, nor device, nor knowledge in the grave, etc. etc. There is no change after death, but you are fixed, irretrievably fixed, for all eternity. The moment the breath leaves the body, you must go to an extreme of heaven or of hell, there to rejoice with Peter on thrones of pow. er, in the presence of Jesus Christ in the third beavens, or, on the other hand, to roll in the flames of hell, with murderers and devils. are the doctrines of our Sectarian brethren, who profess to believe in Christ, but who know not the mysteries of godliness, and the boundless resources of eternal charity, and of that mercy which endureth forever.

. It is here that the Spirit world would look with an intense interest, it is here that the nations of the dead (if I may so call them,) would concentrate their hopes of ministration on the earth in their behalf. here that the countless millions of the Spirit world would look for the ordinances of redemption, so far as they have been enlightened by the preaching of the G spel, since the keys of the former dispensation were

taken away from the earth.

earth at all, it would be upon those the spirit world contains the spirit Uruer Stones that we laid yesterday, of one of his friends, or the grave If they listened at all, it would be to hear the sounds of voices and instruments, and the blending of sacred and martial music in honor of the commencoment of a temple for the redemption of the dead. With what intensity of interest did they listen to the sough of Zion, and witness the feelings of their friends. They were glad to behold the glittering bayoonets of the guards around the Temple ground, and they longed for the day when there would be a thousand where there is now but one. They wish to see a strong people, gathered and united, in sufficient power to maintain a spot on earth where a bapismal font might be erected for the haptism for the dead. It was here that all their expectations were cen-What cared they for all the golden palaces, marble payements, or gilded halls of state on earth? What cared they for all the splendor, equipage, titles, and empty sounds of the self-styled great of this world; which all pass away as the dew of the moreing before the rising sun? What cared they for the struggles, the battles, the victories, and numerous other worldly interests that vibrate the hosoms of men on either side? None i of these things would interest them. Their interests were centred here, and thence extended to the work of God among the nations of the earth.

Did Joseph, in the Spirit world, think of anything else yesterday but the doings of his brethren on the earth? He might have been necessarily employed, and so busy as to be obliged to think of other things. But if I were to judge from the acquaintance I had with him in his life, and from my knowledge of the spirit of Priesthood, I would suppose him to he so hurried as to have little or no time to cast an eye or a thought aftor his friends on the earth. He was always busy while here, and so are The spirit of our holy ordination and anointing will not let us never suffer him to rest, while Satan, phant. sin, death or darkness, possesses a Amen.

Why, if they looked upon the foot of ground on this earth, -while holds captive one of their bodies, he will never rest or slacken his lahors.

> You might as well talk of Saul, King of Israel, resting while Israel was oppressed by the Canaanites or Philistines, after Samuel had anointed him to be king. At first he was like another man, but when occasion called into action the energies of a king, the spirit of his anointing came upon him. He slew an ox, divided it into twelve parts, and sent a part to each of the twelve tribes of Israel, with this proclamation:-- "So snell it be done to the ox of the man who will not come up to the help of the Lord of Hasts."

Ye Elders of Israel! you will find that there is a spirit upon you which will urge you to continued exertion, and will never suffer you to feel at ease in Zion while a work remains anfinished in the great plan of the redemption of our race. It will inspire the Saints to build, plant, improve, cultivate, make the desert fruitful, in short, to use the elements. send missions abroad, build up States and Kingdoms and Temples at home, and send abroad the light of a neverending day to every people and nation of the globe.

You have been baptised, you have had the laying on of hands, and some have been ordsined, and some anointed with a holy anointing. A spirit has been given you; and you will find if you undertake to rest, it will be the hardest work you ever perform. I came home here from a fored. eign mission. I presented myself to our President, and inquired what I should do next. "Rest," said he.

If I had been set to turn the world over, to dig down a mountain, to go to the ends of the earth, or traverse the deserts of Arabia, it would have been easier than to have undertaken to rest, while the Priesthood was upon me. I have received the holy anointing, and I can never rest till the last enemy is conquered, death The spirit of his calling will destroyed, and truth reigns trium-May God bless you all.